

No.

9400019



THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME:

The University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc.

Whereas, THERE HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED, PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE RIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR PRODUCING IT, OR IMPORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR USING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE PURPOSES, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. IN THE UNITED STATES SEED OF THIS VARIETY (1) SHALL BE SOLD BY VARIETY NAME ONLY AS A CLASS OF CERTAIN SEED AND (2) SHALL CONFORM TO THE NUMBER OF GENERATIONS SPECIFIED BY THE OWNER OF THE VARIETY. (STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

SOYBEAN

'Haskell'

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Plant Variety Protection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this thirty-first day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ninety-five.

Attest:

Martha A. Hunter

Commissioner
Plant Variety Protection Office
Agricultural Marketing Service

John F. Whitman
Secretary of Agriculture

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

APPLICATION FOR PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION CERTIFICATE
(Instructions on reverse)

Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protection certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421). Information is held confidential until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426).

1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S) (as it is to appear on the Certificate)		2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NO.	3. VARIETY NAME
The University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc.		G84-3185	HASKELL
4. ADDRESS (street and no. or R.F.D. no., city, state, and ZIP)		5. PHONE (include area code)	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY PVPO NUMBER 9400019 Filing and Examination Fee: \$ 2325. ⁰⁰ Date Oct. 29, 1993 Certificate Fee: \$ 300. ⁰⁰ Date Sept. 5, 1995
Boyd Graduate Studies Research Center University of Georgia Athens, GA 30602-7411		(706) 542-6512	
6. GENUS AND SPECIES NAME	7. FAMILY NAME (Botanical)		
Glycine max	Leguminosae		
8. CROP KIND NAME (Common Name)		9. DATE OF DETERMINATION	
Soybean		1984	
10. IF THE APPLICANT NAMED IS NOT A "PERSON," GIVE FORM OF ORGANIZATION (Corporation, partnership, association, etc.)			
Corporation			
11. IF INCORPORATED, GIVE STATE OF INCORPORATION		12. DATE OF INCORPORATION	
Georgia		17 Nov 1978	

13. NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT REPRESENTATIVE(S), IF ANY, TO SERVE IN THIS APPLICATION AND RECEIVE ALL PAPERS
 Dr. Janice A. Kimpel
 Vice-President Office for Research
 Boyd Graduate Studies Research Center
 University of Georgia
 Athens, GA 30602-7411

PHONE (include area code): (706) 542-5929

14. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX FOR EACH ATTACHMENT SUBMITTED (Follow INSTRUCTIONS on reverse)

a. ☒ Exhibit A, Origin and Breeding History of the Variety

b. ☒ Exhibit B, Novelty Statement.

c. ☒ Exhibit C, Objective Description of Variety.

d. ☒ Exhibit D, Additional Description of Variety.

e. ☒ Exhibit E, Statement of the Basis of Applicant's Ownership.

f. ☒ Seed Sample (2,500 viable untreated seeds). Date Seed Sample mailed to Plant Variety Protection Office 10/26/93

g. ☒ Filing and Examination Fee. (2,325) made payable to "Treasurer of the United States."

15. DOES THE APPLICANT(S) SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE SOLD BY VARIETY NAME ONLY AS A CLASS OF CERTIFIED SEED? (See section 83(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act.)

☒ YES (If "YES," answer items 16 and 17 below) ☐ NO (If "NO," skip to item 18 below)

16. DOES THE APPLICANT(S) SPECIFY THAT THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO NUMBER OF GENERATIONS?

☒ YES ☐ NO

17. IF "YES" TO ITEM 16, WHICH CLASSES OF PRODUCTION BEYOND BREEDER SEED?

☒ FOUNDATION ☐ REGISTERED ☒ CERTIFIED

18. DID THE APPLICANT(S) PREVIOUSLY FILE FOR PROTECTION OF THE VARIETY IN THE U.S.?

☐ YES (If "YES," through ☐ Plant Variety Protection Act ☐ Patent Act Give date _____) ☒ NO

19. HAS THE VARIETY BEEN RELEASED, USED, OFFERED FOR SALE, OR MARKETING IN THE U.S. OR OTHER COUNTRIES?

☐ YES (If "YES," give names of countries and dates) ☒ NO

20. The applicant(s) declare(s) that a viable sample of basic seeds of this variety will be furnished with the application and will be replenished upon request in accordance with such regulations as may be applicable.

The undersigned applicant(s) is (are) the owner(s) of this sexually reproduced novel plant variety, and believe(s) that the variety is distinct, uniform, and stable as required in section 41, and is entitled to protection under the provisions of section 42 of the Plant Variety Protection Act.

Applicant(s) is (are) informed that false representation herein can jeopardize protection and result in penalties.

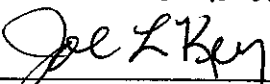
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT (Owner(s))	CAPACITY OR TITLE	DATE
 Joe L. Key	Executive Vice President	10-22-93
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT (Owner(s))	CAPACITY OR TITLE	DATE

EXHIBIT A
UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA RESEARCH FOUNDATION APPLICATION FOR HASKELL
ORIGIN AND BREEDING HISTORY

1981	Cross of 'Johnston' x 'Braxton' made in Athens, GA
1981-82	F ₁ grown during the winter at Isabela, Puerto Rico
1982	F ₂ was grown in Athens, GA
1982-83	F ₃ and F ₄ generations were advanced in the winter at Isabela, Puerto Rico
1983	F ₅ was grown in Athens, GA
1983-84	F _{5,6} lines were screened for resistance to southern and peanut root-knot nematodes in the greenhouse during the winter
1984	F _{5,6} plant rows were grown in Athens, GA. Plant row #84-3185 was selected and composited after it was determined to be stable and true breeding for major characteristics.
1985	Tested as G84-3185 in Athens, GA in 2 reps
1986	Tested at Athens and Plains, GA in 2 reps/ location
1987	Tested at Athens, Plains, and Griffin, GA in 3 reps/location
1988	Entered in USDA Uniform Preliminary Test VII grown at 9 locations (2 reps/location).
1989	Evaluated in USDA Uniform Regional Test VII at 24 locations (3 reps/location).
1990	Evaluated in USDA Uniform Regional Test VII at 21 locations (3 reps/location). Grown at 9 locations (3 reps/location) in the Georgia Variety Trials.
1991	Evaluated in USDA Uniform Regional Test VII at 23 locations (3 reps/location). Grown at 12 locations (3 reps/location) in the Georgia Variety Trials.
1992	Evaluated in USDA Uniform Regional Test VII at 23 locations (3 reps/location). Evaluated at 11 locations (3 reps/location) in the Georgia Variety Trials.
1993	Released as Haskell

EXHIBIT B
UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA RESEARCH FOUNDATION APPLICATION FOR HASKELL
NOVELTY STATEMENT

To our knowledge Haskell most nearly resembles Thomas, Hagood, Stonewall, and Colquitt. Differences include but are not limited to the following:

1. Peanut root-knot nematode - Haskell differs from Thomas, Stonewall, and Hagood in that it is resistant to peanut root-knot nematode whereas Thomas, Stonewall, and Hagood are susceptible.
2. Race 3 of soybean cyst nematode - Haskell is susceptible to race 3 of soybean cyst nematode whereas Thomas, Stonewall, and Hagood are resistant.
3. Flower color - Haskell has purple flowers whereas Hagood and Stonewall have white flowers.
4. Pubescence color - Haskell has tawny pubescence whereas Hagood has gray pubescence.
5. Hilum color - Haskell has black hilum whereas Hagood has buff hilum.
6. Plant lodging - Haskell is moderately susceptible to lodging whereas Colquitt, Thomas, and Stonewall are resistant.

	Lodging rating +						
Haskell	1.9	2.1	2.3	3.1	1.6	2.6	2.6
Thomas	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.7	1.1
Stonewall	1.5	1.6	1.4	2.3	1.1	2.0	1.5
Colquitt	1.5	1.4	1.6	2.6	1.1	2.0	1.6
No. of tests	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
No. of reps/test	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
LSD (0.05)	0.50	0.32	0.49	0.37	0.46	0.32	0.54

+Rating: 1 (all plants erect) to 5 (over 80% of plants prostrate).



The University of Georgia

Center for Soybean Improvement

July 14, 1995

Dr. Jeffrey L. Strachan
USDA/AMS
National Agricultural Library Bldg.
Rm. 500, 10301 Baltimore Blvd.
Beltsville, MD 20705

Dear Dr. Strachan:

I have calculated the Fisher Least Significant Difference as a measure of the precision of the lodging data from Exhibit B of the Plant Variety Certificate Application No. 9400019 (Title: Haskell Soybean). Note that in 6 of the 7 comparisons Haskell has significantly more lodging than Colquitt. Each of these comparisons (columns of data) consist of three years of data from one location except the last column which consists of data from only two years).

I compared the maturity and plant height of Haskell and Colquitt at 8 locations for 3 years. In these 24 location-year environments, Haskell averaged 1 day later than Colquitt and three inches shorter.

I have enclosed a copy of the modified Exhibit B (includes the LSDs). If you need additional information or clarification, please contact me.

Sincerely,

H. Roger Boerma

H. Roger Boerma
Research Professor & Coordinator
Center for Soybean Improvement

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE
BELTSVILLE, MARYLAND 20705

FORM NO. 10-70 UMB NO. 0551-0056

EXHIBIT C
(Soybean)

OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY
SOYBEAN (*Glycine max* L.)

NAME OF APPLICANT(S) The University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc.	TEMPORARY DESIGNATION G84-3185	VARIETY NAME HASKELL
ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and Zip Code) Boyd Graduate Studies Research Center University of Georgia Athens, GA 30602-7411		FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY PVPO NUMBER 9400019

Choose the appropriate response which characterizes the variety in the features described below. When the number of significant digits in your answer is fewer than the number of boxes provided, place a zero in the first box when number is 9 or less (e.g.,). Starred characters ★ are considered fundamental to an adequate soybean variety description. Other characters should be described when information is available.

1. SEED SHAPE:



1 = Spherical (L/W, L/T, and T/W ratios = < 1.2)

3 = Elongate (L/T ratio > 1.2; T/W = < 1.2)

2 = Spherical Flattened (L/W ratio > 1.2; L/T ratio = < 1.2)

4 = Elongate Flattened (L/T ratio > 1.2; T/W > 1.2)

★ 2. SEED COAT COLOR: (Mature Seed)

1 = Yellow

2 = Green

3 = Brown

4 = Black

5 = Other (Specify) _____

3. SEED COAT LUSTER: (Mature Hand Shelled Seed)

1 = Dull ('Consoy 79'; 'Braxton')

2 = Shiny ('Nebsoy'; 'Gasoy 17')

★ 4. SEED SIZE: (Mature Seed)

Grams per 100 seeds

★ 5. HILUM COLOR: (Mature Seed)

1 = Buff

2 = Yellow

3 = Brown

4 = Gray

5 = Imperfect Black

6 = Black

7 = Other (Specify) _____

★ 6. COTYLEDON COLOR: (Mature Seed)

1 = Yellow

2 = Green

★ 7. SEED PROTEIN PEROXIDASE ACTIVITY:

1 = Low

2 = High

★ 8. SEED PROTEIN ELECTROPHORETIC BAND:

1 = Type A (SP1^a)

2 = Type B (SP1^b)

★ 9. HYPOCOTYL COLOR:

1 = Green only ('Evans'; 'Davis')

2 = Green with bronze band below cotyledons ('Woodworth'; 'Tracy')

3 = Light Purple below cotyledons ('Beeson'; 'Pickett 71')

4 = Dark Purple extending to unifoliate leaves ('Hodgson'; 'Coker Hampton 266A')

★ 10. LEAFLET SHAPE:

1 = Lanceolate

2 = Oval

3 = Ovate

4 = Other (Specify) _____

5

11. LEAFLET SIZE:

☐ 21 = Small ('Amsoy 71'; 'A5312')
3 = Large ('Crawford'; 'Tracy')

2 = Medium ('Corsoy 79'; 'Gasoy 17')

12. LEAF COLOR:

☐ 21 = Light Green ('Weber'; 'York')
3 = Dark Green ('Gnome'; 'Tracy')

2 = Medium Green ('Corsoy 79'; 'Braxton')

★ 13. FLOWER COLOR:

☐ 2

1 = White

2 = Purple

3 = White with purple throat

★ 14. POD COLOR:

☐ 1

1 = Tan

2 = Brown

3 = Black

★ 15. PLANT PUBESCENCE COLOR:

☐ 2

1 = Gray

2 = Brown (Tawny)

16. PLANT TYPES:

☐ 2

1 = Slender ('Essex'; 'Amsoy 71')

3 = Bushy ('Gnome'; 'Govan')

2 = Intermediate ('Amaro'; 'Braxton')

★ 17. PLANT HABIT:

☐ 1

1 = Determinate ('Gnome'; 'Braxton')

3 = Indeterminate ('Nebsoy'; 'Improved Pelican')

2 = Semi-Determinate ('Will')

★ 18. MATURITY GROUP:

☐ 1 ☐ 0

1 = 000

2 = 00

3 = 0

4 = I

5 = II

6 = III

7 = IV

8 = V

9 = VI

10 = VII

11 = VIII

12 = IX

13 = X

★ 19. DISEASE REACTION: (Enter 0 = Not Tested; 1 = Susceptible; 2 = Resistant)

BACTERIAL DISEASES:

★

☐ 2Bacterial Pustule (*Xanthomonas phaseoli* var. *sojensis*)

★

☐ 0Bacterial Blight (*Pseudomonas glycines*)

★

☐ 0Wildfire (*Pseudomonas tabaci*)

FUNGAL DISEASES:

★

☐ 0Brown Spot (*Septoria glycines*)Frogeye Leaf Spot (*Cercospora sojina*)

★

☐ 0

Race 1

☐ 0

Race 2

☐ 0

Race 3

☐ 0

Race 4

☐ 0

Race 5

☐ 2Other (Specify)
prevalent field races☐ 0Target Spot (*Corynespora cassicola*)☐ 0Downy Mildew (*Peronospora trifoliorum* var. *manshurica*)☐ 2Powdery Mildew (*Microsphaera diffusa*)

★

☐ 0Brown Stem Rot (*Cephalosporium gregatum*)☐ 2Stem Canker (*Diaporthe phaseolorum* var. *caulivora*)

19. DISEASE REACTION: (Enter 0 = Not Tested; 1 = Susceptible; 2 = Resistant) (Continued)

FUNGAL DISEASES: (Continued)

- ★ ☐ 0 Pod and Stem Blight (*Diaporthe phaseolorum* var. *sojae*)
- ☐ 0 Purple Seed Stain (*Cercospora kikuchii*)
- ☐ 0 Rhizoctonia Root Rot (*Rhizoctonia solani*)
- Phytophthora Rot (*Phytophthora megasperma* var. *sojae*)
- ★ ☐ 0 Race 1 ☐ 0 Race 2 ☐ 0 Race 3 ☐ 0 Race 4 ☐ 0 Race 5 ☐ 0 Race 6 ☐ 0 Race 7
- ☐ 0 Race 8 ☐ 0 Race 9 ☐ Other (Specify) _____

VIRAL DISEASES:

- ☐ 0 Bud Blight (Tobacco Ringspot Virus)
- ☐ 0 Yellow Mosaic (Bean Yellow Mosaic Virus)
- ★ ☐ 0 Cowpea Mosaic (Cowpea Chlorotic Virus)
- ☐ 0 Pod Mottle (Bean Pod Mottle Virus)
- ★ ☐ 0 Seed Mottle (Soybean Mosaic Virus)

NEMATODE DISEASES:

- Soybean Cyst Nematode (*Heterodera glycines*)
- ★ ☐ 0 Race 1 ☐ 0 Race 2 ☐ 1 Race 3 ☐ 0 Race 4 ☐ 1 Other (Specify) Race 14, Race 9
- ☐ 0 Lance Nematode (*Hoplodisus Colombei*)
- ★ ☐ 2 Southern Root Knot Nematode (*Meloidogyne incognita*)
- ★ ☐ 0 Northern Root Knot Nematode (*Meloidogyne Hapla*)
- ☐ 2 Peanut Root Knot Nematode (*Meloidogyne arenaria*)
- ☐ 0 Reniform Nematode (*Rotylenchulus reniformis*)
- ☐ 0 OTHER DISEASE NOT ON FORM (Specify): _____

20. PHYSIOLOGICAL RESPONSES: (Enter 0 = Not Tested; 1 = Susceptible; 2 = Resistant)

- ★ ☐ 0 Iron Chlorosis on Calcareous Soil
- ☐ Other (Specify) _____

21. INSECT REACTION: (Enter 0 = Not Tested; 1 = Susceptible; 2 = Resistant)

- ☐ 0 Mexican Bean Beetle (*Epilachna varivestis*)
- ☐ 2 Potato Leaf Hopper (*Empoasca fabae*)
- ☐ Other (Specify) _____

22. INDICATE WHICH VARIETY MOST CLOSELY RESEMBLES THAT SUBMITTED.

CHARACTER	NAME OF VARIETY	CHARACTER	NAME OF VARIETY
Plant Shape	Colquitt	Seed Coat Luster	Colquitt
Leaf Shape	Colquitt	Seed Size	Stonewall
Leaf Color	Stonewall	Seed Shape	Thomas
Leaf Size	Stonewall	Seedling Pigmentation	Colquitt

9400019

21. GIVE DATA FOR SUBMITTED AND SIMILAR STANDARD VARIETY: Paired Comparison Data

VARIETY	NO. OF DAYS MATURITY	PLANT LODGING SCORE	CM PLANT HEIGHT	LEAFLET SIZE		SEED CONTENT		SEED SIZE G/100 SEEDS	NO. SEEDS/POD
				CM Width	CM Length	% Protein	% Oil		
Haskell Submitted	154	2.4	91	—	—	39.6	20.9	15.7	—
Stonewall Name of Similar Variety	154	2.3	89	—	—	41.4	20.7	16.2	—

PUBLICATIONS USEFUL AS REFERENCE AIDS FOR COMPLETING THIS FORM:

1. Caldwell, B.E., ed. 1973. Soybeans: Improvement, Production, and Uses. Amer. Soc. Agron. Monograph No. 16.
2. Buttery, B.R. and R.J. Buzzell. 1968. Peroxidase activity in seeds of soybean varieties. Crop Sci., 8: 722-725.
3. Hymowitz, T. 1973. Electrophoretic analysis of SBTI-A₂ in the USDA soybean germplasm collection. Crop Sci., 13: 420-421.
4. Payne, R.C. and L.F. Morris. 1976. Differentiation of soybean cultivars by seedling pigmentation patterns. J. Seed Technol. 1: 1-19.

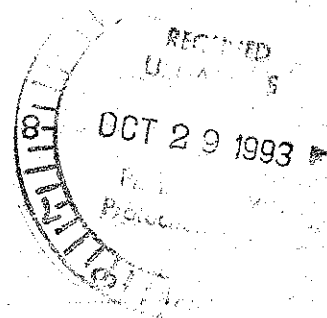


EXHIBIT D
UNIV. OF GEORGIA RESEARCH FOUNDATION APPLICATION FOR HASKELL
ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY

The Georgia Agricultural Experiment Stations announce the release of a new high yielding, multiple-pest resistant variety named HASKELL. This Maturity Group VII variety was selected to combine superior yield with resistance to southern, peanut, and javanese root-knot nematodes.

HASKELL was derived from an F₅ plant from the cross Johnston x Braxton. The generations were advanced to the F₅ by the pod bulk method in Georgia and Puerto Rico. From 1985 to 1987, HASKELL was tested as G84-3185 for nematode and disease resistances, agronomic performance, and seed yield in Georgia. G84-3185 was advanced to Regional Preliminary Group VII in 1988. From 1988 to 1992, it was evaluated in Georgia and Regional Test VII. Its mean performance in 77 environments in the southeastern USA is shown below:

Variety	Seed yield	Maturity	Lodging	Plant height	Seed quality	Seeds/ pound	Seed [§]	
							Oil	Protein
	bu/A	date	rating†	inches	rating‡	no.	%	%
HASKELL	44.1	10-20	2.4	35	1.8	2,929	20.9	39.6
Hagood	40.7	10-22	2.2	39	1.7	3,266	19.9	42.4
Stonewall	41.6	10-19	1.8	34	1.8	2,873	20.7	41.4

† Rating: 1 (plants erect) to 5 (plants prostrate).

‡ Rating: 1 (very good) to 5 (very poor).

§ Dry-weight basis.

HASKELL averaged 6 and 8% higher in yield than Stonewall and Hagood, respectively. It matures 1 d later than Stonewall and 2 d earlier than Hagood. HASKELL is similar in lodging resistance to Hagood. Plant height is similar to Stonewall and averages 4 inches shorter than Hagood. Seed quality and seed size of HASKELL are similar to Stonewall. HASKELL has a higher oil content and lower protein content than Hagood.

HASKELL has a determinate growth habit, purple flowers, tawny pubescence, and tan pod walls. Seeds are yellow with shiny seed coats and black hila. It is resistant to southern, peanut, and javanese root-knot nematodes. It has moderate resistance to stem canker.

Breeder seed of HASKELL was provided to the Georgia Seed Development Commission in 1992. Small quantities of seed for research purposes can be obtained from H. Roger Boerma, Department of Crop & Soil Sciences, University of Georgia, Athens, GA 30602-7272.

EXHIBIT E
THE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA RESEARCH FOUNDATION
STATEMENT OF APPLICANT'S OWNERSHIP

The variety for which plant variety protection is hereby sought was developed by H. Roger Boerma, E. Dale Wood, Richard S. Hussey, and Daniel V. Phillips, employees at the University of Georgia Agricultural Experiment Station. The Georgia Agricultural Experiment Station is a part of The University of Georgia. The University of Georgia is one of the universities of the University System of Georgia. The Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia ("Board of Regents") is a body that was created by the Constitution of the State of Georgia and is charged with the responsibility of operating the Universities in The University System of Georgia. The University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc. is a Georgia nonprofit corporation which was incorporated to, among other things, own and exploit intellectual property developed or created at The University of Georgia. On June 9, 1982 the Board of Regents approved a Patent Policy regarding inventions and discoveries by persons employed at The University of Georgia. As an employee at the Georgia Agricultural Experiment Station, H. Roger Boerma, E. Dale Wood, Richard S. Hussey, and Daniel V. Phillips are subject to said Patent Policy. Rights in novel plant varieties developed at The University of Georgia, including Haskell, are covered by said Patent Policy. By agreement, the Board of Regents assigned to the University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc. all rights in intellectual property covered by said Patent Policy. This agreement applies to then existing intellectual property and to intellectual property which was developed thereafter.